

SUBMERGED WEEDS

Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide

TO PREVENT ACCIDENTAL POISONING, NEVER PUT INTO FOOD, DRINK, OR OTHER CONTAINERS AND USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH ENTIRE LABEL. DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT FOR REFORMULATION.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT

Contains 2.0 lbs. diquat cation per gal as 3.73 lbs. salt per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Distributed By: BioNova Corp.

7300 North Kendall Drive, Suite 521

Miami, FL 33456

Net Contents: 1gt. (32oz.)



FIRST AID

IF INHALED

- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF IN EYES

- . Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
 Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

For MEDICAL Emergencies Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

To be effective, treatment for diquat poisoning must begin IMMEDIATELY. Treatment consists of binding diquat in the gut with suspensions of activated charcoal or bentonite clay, administration of cathartics to enhance elimination, and removal of diquat from the blood by charcoal hemoperfusion or continuous hemodialysis.

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

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PERSONAL PROTECTIVE FOUIPMENT

Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are: barrier laminate, butyl rubber (greater than or equal to 14 mils), nitrile rubber (greater than or equal to 14 mils). If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA Chemical-Resistance Category Selection Chart. Applicators and Other Handlers Must Wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeve shirt and long pants.
- Chemical-resistant gloves.
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks.
- Protective evewear.
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure.
- Chemical-resistant apron when cleaning equipment, mixing, or loading.
- Face shield when mixing or loading.

Exception: After this product has been diluted to 0.50% Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide or less in water (i.e., the labeled rate for some spot applications), applicators for AQUATIC SURFACE APPLICATIONS must, at a minimum, wear (Note - Mixers and Loaders for this application method must still wear the personal protective equipment (PPE) as described in the above section):

- Long-sleeve shirt and long pants.
- Shoes plus socks.
- Waterproof gloves.
 - Protective eyewear.

Exception: At a minimum, applicators for AQUATIC SUBSURFACE APPLICATIONS must wear (Note - Mixers and Loaders for this application method must still wear the personal protective equipment (PPE) as described in the above section):

- Short-sleeved shirt and short pants.
- Waterproof gloves.
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks.

User Safety Requirement

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENT

Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications are required to use closed systems that provide dermal protection. The closed system must be used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)]. When using the closed system, mixers and loaders PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS. When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then
 wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. For Terrestrial Uses do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters. For Aquatic Uses do not apply directly to water excent as specified on this label.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT THROUGH ANY TYPE OF IRRIGATION SYSTEM.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontaminion, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and

restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water,

- is:
- Coveralls over long-sleeve shirt and long pants.
- Chemical-resistant gloves.
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks.
- Protective eyewear.
 - Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas or vicinity where here may be drift.

For terrestrial uses, do not enter or allow entry of maintenance workers into treated areas, or allow contact with treated vegelation wet with spray, dew, or rain, without appropriate protective clothing until soray has dried.

For aquatic uses, do not enter treated areas while treatments are in progress.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage, disposal, or cleaning of equipment. PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep pesticide in original container. Do not put concentrate or dilute into food or drink containers. Do not contaminate feed, foodstuffs, or drinking water. Do not store or transport near feed or food. Store at temperatures above 320F.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Open dumping is prohibited. Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Ofter for recycling if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!.

SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS

Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide is a nonvolatile herbicidal chemical for use as a general herbicide to control weeds in commercial greenhouses and nurseries; ornamental seed crops (flowers, bulbs, etc. except in the state of California); landscape, industrial, recreational, commercial, residential, and public areas; turf renovation (all furfareas except commercial sod farms); dormant established turfgrass (bermudagrass, zoysiagrass, nonfood or feed crop); and aquatic areas. Absorption and herbicidal action is usually quite rapid with effects visible in a few days. Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide controls weeds by interfering with photosynthesis within green plant tissue. Weed plants should be succulent and actively growing for best results. Rinse all spray equipment thoroughly with water after use. Avoid spray drift to crops, ornamentals, and other desirable plants during application, as injury may result. Application to muddy water may result in reduced control. Minimize creating muddy water during application. Use of dirty or muddy water for Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide dilution may result in reduced herbicidal activity. Avoid applying under conditions of high wind, water flow, or wave action.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR AND THE GROWER. The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all there factors hen making decisions. The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-larget drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications suind for formulations:

- The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed ¼ the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downward more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

DROPLET SIZE: The most effective ay to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions sections of the label).

CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE: Volume – Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets. Pressure – Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower

pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead

of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles – Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage. Nozzle Orientation - Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the air stream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from

horizontal will reduce the droplet size and increase drift potential. Nozzle Type – Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spay angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

BOOM LENGTH: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than \(\frac{3}{4} \) of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

APPLICATION HEIGHT: Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feed above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

SWATH ADJUSTMENT: When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downside edges for the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with

increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller droplets, etc.). WIND: Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY: When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS: Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small-suspended - droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates, indicates good vertical air mixing.

SENSITIVE AREAS: The pesticide should only be applied when the wind is blowing away from adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-tarcet cross).

COMMÉRCIÁL GREENHOUSES AND NURSERIES For general weed control in commercial greenhouses (beneath benches), field grown and container stock, and other similar areas, Pond 2 0 submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide may be applied preplant or postplant premengenie in field grown ornamental nursery plantings or postemergence as a directed spray. Pond 2 0 Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide may also be applied preemergence in ornamental seed crops (except in the state of California). Avoid contact with desirable foliage as injury may occur. Do not use on food or feed crops.

Spot spray: 1-2 qts. of Pond 2 0 Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 100 gals, of water, or 0.75 oz. (22 mls.) Pond 2 0 Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 1 gal. of water.

Broadcast: 1-2 pts. Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide in a minimum of 15 gals. of water per acre. Add the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 100 gals. of spray mixture. Use an adequate spray volume to insure good coverage.

ORNAMENTAL SEE CROPS (FLOWERS, BULBS, ETC.) EXCEPT IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA For preharvest desiccation of ornamental seed crops. NOT FOR FOOD OR FIBER CROPS.

Broadcast (Air or Ground): 1.5-2 pts. Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per acre in sufficient water (minimum of 5 gals. by air, 15 gals. by ground) for desiccation and weed burndown. Repeat as needed at no less than 5-day intervals up to three applications. Do not use seed, screenings, or waste as feed or for consumption.

DIRECTIONS FOR LANDSCAPE, INDUSTRIAL, RECREATIONAL, COMMERCIAL, RESIDENTIAL, AND PUBLIC AREAS
Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide provides fast control of broadleaf and grassy

weeds in industrial, recreational, golf course, commercial, residential, and public areas.

Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide is a nonselective herbicide that rapidly kills

Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide is a nonselective herbicide that rapidly kills undesirable above ground weed growth in 24-36 hours. Avoid application of Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide to desirable plants.

Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide is a contact/desiccant herbicide; it is essential to obtain complete coverage of the target weeds to get good control. Improper application technique and/or application to stressed weeds may result in unacceptable weed control. For best results, apply to actively growing, young weeds.

Difficult weeds (such as perennial or deeply-rooted weeds) can often be controlled by tank mixing Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide with other systemic-type herbicides. Refer to other product labels for specific application directions.

For residual weed control, tank mix Pond 2 0 Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide with a pre-emergent herbicide labeled for the intended use site. When mixing Pond 2 0 Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide with another herbicide, it is recommended to mix just a

BioNova Corp. has not tested all possible tank mixtures with other herbicides for compatibility, efficacy or other adverse effects. Before mixing with other herbicides BioNova Corp recommends you first consult your state experimental station, state university or extension agent.

Grounds maintenance weed control: Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide can be used as a spot or broadcast spray to control weeds in public, commercial and residential landscapes, including landscape beds, lawns, golf courses and roadsides. Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide can also be used for weed control around the edges and non-flooded portions of ponds, lakes and ditches.

Trim and Edge weed control: Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide can be used to eliminate undesired grass and broadleaf plant growth in a narrow band along driveways, walkways, patios, cart paths, fence lines, and around trees, ornamental gardens, buildings, other structures, and beneath noncommercial greenhouse benches. Vegelation control with Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide is limited to the spray application width. Do not exceed the labeled rate of Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide as excessive rates may result in staining of

concrete-based materials.

Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide, since it does not translocate systemically, can be used as an edging or pruning tool when precisely applied to select areas of grass or to undesirable growth on desirable ornamental bedding plants, ground covers, etc.

Industrial weed control: Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide can be used as a spot or broadcast spray either alone or in combination with other herbicides as a tast burndown or control weeds in rights-of-ways, railroad beds/yards, highways, roads, dividers and medians, parking lots, pipelines, pumping stations, public utility lines, transformer stations and substations, electric utilities, storage varies, and other non-ergo areas.

Spot spray: Apply either 1-2 qts. of Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 100 gals. water, or 0.75 oz. (22 mils.) Combine Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 1 gal. of water.

Broadcast: 1-2 pts. Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide per acre in sufficient water to insure good spray coverage. Add the labeled rate of 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 100 gals. spray mixture. Greater water volumes are necessary if the target plants are tall and/or dense. It is recommended that 60 gals, or greater water volume be used to obtain good coverage of dense weeds.

TURF RENOVATION (ALL TURF AREAS EXCEPT COMMERCIAL SOD FARMS)

To desiccate golf course turf and other turf areas prior to renovation, apply 1-2 pts. of Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide per acre plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant in 20-100 gals. of water (4 teaspoons of Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 1 gal. of water) using ground spraye quipment. Apply for full coverage and thorough contact with the turfgrass. Apply only when the turf is dry, free from dew and incidental moisture. For enhanced turf desiccation, especially in the case of thick turfgrass, water volumes should approach 100 gals. of water per acre.

For suppression of regrowth and quick desiccation of treated turfgrass, Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide may be mixed with other systemic nonselective or systemic postemergence grassy weed herbicides. Refer to other product labels for specific application directions and restrictions

Avoid spray contact with, or spray drift to, foliage of ornamental plants or food crops.

Do not graze livestock on treated turf or feed treated thatch to livestock.

DORMANT ESTABLISHED TURFGRASS (BERMUDAGRASS, ZOYSIAGRASS), NONFOOD OR FEED CROP

For control of emerged annual broadleaf and grass weeds, including Little Barley*, Annual Bluegrass, Bromes including rescuegrass, sixweeks, fescue, Henbit, Buttercup, and Carolina Geranium in established dormant bermudagrass lawns, parks, golf courses, etc.

Apply 1-2 pts. of Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide per acre in 20-100 gals. of spray mix by ground as a broadcast application. Add the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant oer 100 gals. of spray mixture.

Bermudagrass must be dormant at application. Application to actively growing bermudagrass may cause delay or permanent injury. Users in the extreme Southern areas should be attentive to the extent of dormancy at the time of acolication.

*For control of Little Barley, apply Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide prior to the mid-hoot

stage.

AQUATIC USE DIRECTIONS

New York - Not for Sale or Use in New York State without Supplemental Special Local

Needs Labeling.

Necessary approval and/or permits must be obtained prior to application if required. Consult the responsible State Agencies (i.e., Fish and Game Agencies, State Water Conservation authorities, or Department of Natural Resources).

Treatment of dense weed areas may result in oxygen loss from decomposition of dead weeds. This loss of oxygen may cause fish suffocation. Therefore, treat only 1/3 to 1/2 of the water body area at one time and wait 14 days between treatments.

For best results on submersed weeds, Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide should be applied to actively growing (photosynthesizing) weeds when water temperatures have reached or exceeded approximately 50°F, typically during the Spring or early Summer.

For application only to still water (i.e. ponds, lakes, and drainage ditches) where there is minimal or no outflo

w to public waters. and/or

For applications to public waters in ponds, lakes, reservoirs, marshes, bayous, drainage ditches, canals, streams, rivers, and other slow-moving or quiescent bodies of water for control of aquatic weeds. For use

by:

- Corps of Engineers; or
- Federal or State Public Agencies (i.e., Water Management District personnel, municipal officials): or
- Applicators and/or Licensees (certified for aquatic pest control) that are authorized by the State or Local government.

Treated water may be used according to the following table or until such time as an approved assay (example: PAM II Spectromatic Method) shows that the water does not contain more than the designated maximum contaminant level goal (MCLG) of 0.02 mg/l. (ppm) of diquat dibromide (calculated as the cation).

Water Use Restrictions Following Applications with Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape And Aquatic Herbicide (Days)

		Fishing and	Livestock/ Domestic Animals	Spray Tank Applications** and Irrigation to Turf and Landscape	Spray Tank Applications** and Irrigation to Food Crops and Production
Application Rate	Drinking	Swimming	Consumption	Ornamentals	Ornamentals
2 gals_/surface acre	3 days	0	1 day	3 days	5 days
1 gal_/surface acre	2 days	0	1 day	2 days	5 days
0.75 gal_/surface acre	2 days	0	1 day	2 days	5 days
0.50 gal_/surface acre	1 day	0	1 day	1 day	5 days
Spot Spray* (<0.5 gal./surface acre)	1 day	0	1 day	1 day	5 days

^{**}Add a nonionic surfactant (with at least 75% of the constituents active as a spray adjuvant) at the rate recommended by the manufacturer.

When the contents of more than one spray tank is necessary to complete a single aquatic application, no water holding restrictions apply between the consecutive spray tanks.

No applications are to be made in areas where commercial processing of fish, resulting in the production of fish protein concentrate or fish meal, is practiced. Before application, coordination and approval of local and/or State authorities must be obtained.

^{**}For preparing agricultural sprays for food crops, turf or ornamentals (to prevent phytotoxicity), do not use water treated with Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide before the specified time period.

Floating and Marginal Weeds Including: Water lettuce, Pistia stratiotes Water hyacinth, Eichhornia crassipes Duckweed, Lemna spp. Salvinia spp. (including S. molesta) Pennywort (Hydrocotyle spp.) Frog's Bit1, Limnobium spongia Cattails, Typha spp.

¹Not for use in California

Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide may be applied by backpack, airboat, spray handoun, helicopter, airplane, or similar application equipment that results in thorough spray coverage.

Spot Treatment: Apply Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide at 2 quarts per 100 gallons spray carrier (0.5% solution) with an approved aquatic wetting agent at 0.25-1.0% v/v (1 quart to 1 gallon per 100 gallons water). For cattail control, Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide should be applied prior to flowering at the maximum application rate (8 quarts of Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide/100 gallons spray carrier) plus the wetting agent. Repeat treatments may be necessary for complete control.

Spray to completely wet target weeds but not to runoff. Densely packed weeds or mats may require additional applications due to incomplete spray coverage. Re-treat as needed. For best results, retreat weed escapes within 2 weeks of the initial treatment.

Broadcast Treatment: Apply Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide at the rate of 0.5-2.0 gallons per surface acre in sufficient carrier along with 16-32 oz/A of an approved wetting agent. Re-treat as necessary for densely populated weed areas. Good coverage is necessary for control of the target weeds.

For duckweed control, apply Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide at 1-2 nallons/A

Submersed Weeds Including: Bladderwort, Ultricularia spp. Hydrilla, Hydrilla verticillata Watermilfolis (including Eurasian), Myriophyllum spp. Pondweeds1, Potamogeton spp. Coontail, Ceratophyllum demersum Elodea, Elodea spp. Brazilian Elodea, Egeria densa Naiad, Najas spp. Algae2, Spirogyra spp. and Pithophora spp..

1 Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide controls Potamogetan species except Richardson's pondweed, P. richardsonii.

Richardson's pondweed, P. richardsonii. 2Suppression only. For control of Spirogyra and/or Pithophora, use Pond 2 o Submerged Weeds

Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide in a tank mix with an approved algaecide.

For severe weed or algae infestations, the use of an approved algaecide either as a pretreatment to the Pond
2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide application or in a tank mix, may result in
enhanced weed control.

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To control submersed weeds, apply Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide in water at 0.5-2.0 gallons per surface acre (per 4 foot water depth). For severe weed infestations, use the 2.0 gallon per surface acre rate. For best results, re-treat as necessary on 14-21 day intervals. The table below shows how many gallons of Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide to apply per surface acre based on water depth.

	Gallons of Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide per Surface							
	Acre							
	Average Water Depth							
	1 Foot	2 Feet	3 Feet	4 Feet				
1 gallon/acre rate	0.25 gal.	0.50 gal.	0.75 gal.	1.0 gal.				
2 gallon/acre rate	0.50 gal.	1.0 gal.	1.5 gal.	2.0 gal.				

Note: For water depths of 2 feet or less including shorelines, do not exceed 1 gallon per surface acre.

Subsurface Applications: Where the submersed weed growth, especially Hydrilla, has reached the water surface, apply either in a water carrier or an invert emulsion through boom trailing hoses carrying nozzle tips to apply the dilute spray below the water surface to insure adequate coverage.

Bottom Placement: Where submersed weeds such as Hydrilla, Bladderwort, or Coontail have reached the water surface and/or where the water is slowly moving through the weed growth, the use of an invert emulsion carrier injecting diluted Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicitie are the bottom with eighted hoses may improve control. The addition of a copper based algaecide may improve control if algae are present along with the submersed weeds, a pretreatment with a cooper based algaecide may improve overall control.

Surface Application for Submerged Aquatic Weeds: Apply the recommended rate of Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide as a spray in sufficient carrier to fully cover the larget area. Applications should be made to ensure complete overage of the weed areas. In mixed weed populations, use the high rate of application as indicated by weeds present. For dense submersed weeds or water over 2 feet deep, a surface spray is not recommended (Pond 2 O Submerged Weeds Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide should be applied subsurface in these situations.)

If posting is required by your state or tribe – consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulations for specific details.

IMPORTANT: READ REFORE LISE

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of BioNova Corp. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

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